

All Texans should have equitable access to reliable and affordable digital connectivity that empowers them to meaningfully engage in their education, employment, healthcare, and the economy, including in rural Texas where long-neglected infrastructure needs must be addressed.

Ensure access to reliable connectivity and devices so all students may participate fully in a modernized PK-12 public education system, institutions of higher education, and technical training programs.

- Increase access to dual credit, advanced placement/international baccalaureate, and career and technical
 education coursework and training through online programs in high school, community colleges, and other
 institutions of higher education.
- Make available the necessary infrastructure, technology, and basic digital literacy training for expanded remote instruction and blended learning models, not limited to instances of a public health crisis.
- Create opportunity for greater integration of technology in every classroom.
- Increase access to online applications for college, including admission, financial aid (FAFSA), and scholarships.

To propel the state's twenty-first century workforce and economy forward, Texas must address the changing technological demands of employers and equip workers with the digital tools to compete in middle-and-high skill jobs, fostering economic growth and mobility.

- Ensure affordable access to connectivity, technology, and basic digital literacy in order to increase opportunities for:
 - Employment in high demand, high paying industries;
 - o Enhanced job-embedded learning and professional development that leads to career advancement; and
 - o Industry certification and upskilling in high demand jobs and careers.

Ensure access to necessary technology and infrastructure needed to maintain reliable tele-medicine services, especially in locations where medical professionals are not physically available.

- Ensure affordable and reliable connectivity to:
 - Share vital health resources and enable disease surveillance across the state;
 - Increase access to tele-medicine, especially in rural areas that lack access to healthcare providers, for elderly and medically fragile patients with limited mobility, and for patients with chronic conditions;
 - Increase access to medical sub-specialists and twenty-first century medical procedures; and
 - o Increase access to tele-counseling and tele-therapies, such as physical therapy.

Develop a statewide broadband plan that addresses the unique needs of communities across the state and identifies sources of dedicated funding. Texas should consider the following:

- Identify disparities across the state caused by inequitable digital access to education, healthcare, e-commerce, and other opportunities not traditionally available to individuals who lack quality access;
 - Enhance the collection of data to identify connectivity gaps, enable timely response to critical needs, target investments, and evaluate progress;
- Consider various sources of sustainable funding, including an immediate investment of federal funds; dedicated state and/or federal funding; philanthropic support; and corporate financial support and initiatives;
- Outline a process for achieving increased reliability of broadband and connectivity services to ensure consistent access to adequate broadband with a minimum speed of 25/3;
- Develop a plan for affordable broadband access to low income families and individuals whose primary barrier to connectivity is the cost;
- Develop comprehensive statewide marketing plan to educate all Texans about connectivity options available, including plans, pricing and connectivity speeds; and
- Establish an Office of Digital Connectivity to guide development and implementation of a statewide broadband plan.