

VERSION 1.1 - Effective May 11, 2020

Minimum Requirements for All Entities

All entities that are currently closed will remain closed until it is determined it is safe for their sector to begin reopening.

<u>Closed Entities Reopening.</u> Each entity must meet the following minimum requirements before they can reopen. If any entity in a sector being reopened cannot comply with the minimum requirements set out below, they must wait to reopen until they are able to do so or until some or all of these restrictions are lifted.

<u>Entities That Have Remained Open.</u> For those entities that have been deemed life-sustaining and remained operating, they will be expected to meet the following minimum requirements no later than May 11, 2020.

- 1. <u>Continue telework where possible</u>. Entities should operate via phone or Internet to the greatest extent practicable. Employees who are able to perform their job duties via telework (phone or Internet) must continue to telework.
- 2. <u>Phased return to work</u>. Entities are encouraged to implement a phased return to work, including generous telework, sick leave, and family leave policies for those employees who are not able to come into work due to illness, taking care of a family member(s), or lack of childcare options.
- **3.** Enforce social distancing. Entities must ensure that employees who are not able to telework and must be physically present at the office remain a minimum of six (6) feet away from all other employees and customers unless closer interaction is absolutely required to perform their job duties (e.g., health care examinations).
- **4.** <u>Limit face-to-face interaction.</u> Entities must ensure that employees minimize face-to-face contact with one another and with customers to the greatest extent practicable. Meetings should be conducted via telephone or Internet if possible.
- 5. Universal masks and any other necessary PPE.

<u>Universal Employee Masks:</u> Businesses, organizations, and entities must ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that their employees/volunteers/contractors wear a cloth mask (a surgical or N95 mask is not required). A business, organization, or entity need not require an employee to wearing a mask when masking would create a serious health or safety hazard to the



employee/volunteer/contractor or when the employee/volunteer/contractors is working alone in an enclosed space. Businesses and organizations shall provide PPE at no cost to employees. Should offer instruction on proper use of masks and PPE. All entities must ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that their employees wear a cloth mask (a surgical or N95 mask is not required).

CDC guidelines on proper use of PPE can be found at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/DIY-cloth-face-covering-instructions.pdf.

<u>Encourage</u> <u>Customers to Mask</u>: Entities should encourage customers to wear masks, which the entities may provide. A entities may refuse to serve any customer who is not wearing a mask.

Access To Gloves: Entities must ensure that employees whose job duties include touching items often touched by others (e.g., credit cards/cash, paper, computers) wear gloves that are regularly replaced. Entities should also follow the applicable CDC, OSHA, or other federal guidelines relating to gloves.

- 6. Adequate Hand Sanitizer and Encouraging Hand Washing. Entities must supply adequate hand sanitizer (60% alcohol content or higher) for both employees and customers and ensure that it is made available near high-traffic and high-touch areas (e.g., doors or door handles). Entities must also encourage routine and consistent hand washing for employees and customers.
- **7.** Restrict Common Areas. Entities must, to the greatest extent practicable, restrict common areas such as lobbies, waiting rooms, break rooms, smoking areas, lunch rooms, and concession areas to maximize social distancing and reduce congregating.
- **8.** <u>Proper sanitation.</u> Entities must sanitize frequently touched surfaces and areas (e.g., door knobs, credit card machines, shared computers) in accordance with CDC guidelines. When they have identified an employee who has COVID-19 or the associated symptoms, entities must further ensure that they immediately restrict access to contaminated areas and post signage and adequately clean impacted areas. Any contaminated area should be off-limits to all but essential personnel for a minimum of 24 hours if practicable.
- Conduct daily temperature/health checks. Entities must require employees to undergo daily temperature and health checks; these checks may be either self-administered or



administered by the entities prior to workplace entry. Self-administered temperature and health checks may performed at home. Sick employees should be directed to their health care provider to be tested and then instructed to quarantine at home as soon as any illness is detected. This includes employees that passed a temperature and health check prior to reporting to work but became ill during the course of the day. Guidance on COVID-19 symptoms and how to conduct temperature and health checks can be found in the Health Requirements and Temperature Checks section below.

- 10. <u>Create a testing plan</u>. Entities must ensure that any employee with COVID-19 symptoms is tested by a health care provider immediately. Entities must ensure that employees are trained on how to isolate individuals with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 and how to report possible cases. If an employee tests positive, the entities must immediately notify the local public health department.
- 11. Make special accommodations. Entities must, to the greatest extent practicable, make special accommodations for employees and customers at higher risk for severe illness. Individuals in these high-risk categories have been identified by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention further information is available at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/faq.html#Higher-Risk.
- **12.** <u>Designate a "Healthy at Work" Officer</u>. Entities must ensure that an employee is designated as its Healthy at Work Officer. This individual will be responsible for the entity' compliance with this guidance and any other guidance provided. Entities should allow for employees to identify and communicate potential improvements and/or concerns to the Healthy at Work designated Officer or management.
- **13.** Educate and Train Employees. Entities must educate and train all individuals, including employees, temporary employees, contractors, vendors, customers, etc., regarding the Healthy at Work protocols. This training must be offered during scheduled work times at no cost to the employee.
- 14. Contact Notification Responsibilities. Entities opened must be prepared to assist public health officials if an employee test positive or becomes exposed to COVID-19. This assistance includes, but is not limited to, providing the employee's work schedule, workstation, hours or shifts worked, when the employee was potentially exposed, and the names and contact information of any other employee or client is exposed to the virus. Additional information about Contact Notification Responsibilities can be found in the Contact Notification Responsibilities Section Below.

<u>If any entities fails to comply with this guidance, they can be reported to KYSAFER at 833-KYSAFER or kysafer.ky.gov.</u>



VERSION 1.0 - Effective May 11, 2020

Requirements for Health and Temperature Screenings

- All businesses should instruct employees not to report to work if they are having fever and/or any symptoms of COVID-19.
- All businesses, once their sector has been reopened and they can comply with the
 requirements to reopen, must require employees to undergo a temperature and health
 check prior to beginning work each day to minimize the spread of COVID-19. This
 includes businesses that remained operating because they were deemed life-sustaining;
 those businesses must begin implementing health checks and the other minimum
 requirements starting May 11, 2020.
- These daily temperature and health checks may be administered by the employer at the business site or self-administered by the employee prior to arriving at work (at least once every 24-hour period).

Health Screenings

- All businesses must assess employees each day to ensure that they do not have any COVID-19 symptoms. Businesses may choose whether to require: 1) an in-person assessment at the beginning of each day, or; 2) a self-screening that the employee conducts at least once every 24 hours and then reports the results to the business.
- Any in-person assessment or self-screening must answer the following questions:
 - O Have you had any of the following symptoms since your last day at work or the last time you were here? Please answer "Yes" or "No" to each question:
 - Fever (100.5° F or higher)?
 - A new cough?
 - Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing?
 - Sore throat?
 - New muscle aches or headache?
 - Gastrointestinal symptoms (i.e. diarrhea, vomiting, etc.)?
 - Chills or repeated shaking with chills?
 - A new loss of taste or smell?
 - Is there anyone in your household who is ill or has been diagnosed with COVID-19?
 - Have you been in contact with anyone who is ill, shown symptoms, or has been diagnosed with COVID-19?



Temperature Screenings

- All businesses must assess employees each day to ensure they do not have a fever. Businesses may choose whether to require: 1) on-site temperature screenings, or; 2) self-screenings conducted by the employees at home at least once every 24 hours and reported to the employer prior to beginning work.
- If the business opts for on-site temperature screenings, businesses should ensure that proper social distancing can still be followed. This may be accomplished by using nocontact thermometers or thermal imaging cameras. If that equipment is unavailable, it may be accomplished by setting up temperature check stations for employees to self-administer standard oral/aural thermometer checks and then report the results to onsite screeners. If standard oral/aural thermometers are used, they should be thoroughly sanitized after each use.

Acting on Screening Results

- If the employee answers "NO" to all of the screening questions AND has a temperature of 100.4°F or below, then they may begin their work day. However, employees should be instructed to continue to self-monitor during the day; if they develop symptoms during the workday, they should report those symptoms to a supervisor and leave work to report to a health care provider for testing.
- If the employee answers "YES" to any of the screening questions OR has a temperature greater than 100.4°F, then the employee must not be allowed into the workplace that day. They should self-isolate at home and follow current Kentucky Department for Public Health and/or CDC guidelines available at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/steps-when-sick.html



Healthy At Work: Contact Notification

Contact notification is the process of identifying, contacting, and supporting people who have been exposed to a disease. It is a critical part of our effort to stop transmission of COVID-19.

Public health officials will interview patients who have tested positive for COVID-19, to learn about their recent contacts. Officials will then reach out to all of the close contacts of COVID-19 positive persons to inform them of their status and risks.

Responsibilities of Entities Reopened Under Healthy At Work

Entities opened under Healthy At Work must be prepared to assist public health officials if an employee tests positive or becomes exposed to COVID-19. They should keep documentation of work shifts, work locations, meetings, and in-person clients or visitor contacts. Entities should be prepared to answer the following questions about the employee who tested positive:

- What was that employee's work schedule prior to testing positive?
- Where was that employee working in the days prior to testing positive?
- When was the last day that employee came into work?
- Who could have come in close contact (defined as being within six feet for more than thirty minutes) with that employee in the two days prior to that employee testing positive?
 - Consider employees who were working nearby, sitting in the same meetings, interacting during breaks, entering or exiting the building together, or riding in a car together.
 - Consider customers, clients, or visitors who may have interacted with that employee based on visitor logs, invoices, billing statements, or meeting records.
- Please provide contact information for the employee who tested positive and anyone who may have come into close contact with that employee.